

Cambridge International AS & A Level

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Paper 3

9396/33

October/November 2020

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 4 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** questions.

Section A: Exercise and sport physiology

1	(a)	Sketch and label a graph to show the approximate contribution of each of the three energy systems during the first 5 minutes of a 3000-metre race.	rgy [4]
	(b)	Explain how carbon dioxide is removed from the body during the recovery process.	[4]
	(c)	Specificity is one of the principles of training.	
		Describe how the principle of specificity may be applied to a swimmer's training programmer	ne. [3]
	(d)	Elite games players require a high level of aerobic capacity.	
		(i) Define the term <i>aerobic capacity</i> .	[2]
		(ii) Describe how to carry out the PWC170 test to evaluate aerobic capacity.	[4]
		(iii) Outline physiological adaptations to the muscular and respiratory systems that ta place after aerobic training.	ake [6]
	(e)	Coordination may be described as the ability to move two or more body parts together w control, smoothly and efficiently.	<i>i</i> th/
		Describe how a coach can improve the hand-eye coordination of a performer.	[3]
	(f)	Describe carbohydrate loading as a method of performance enhancement.	[4]
		[Total: 3	30]

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Section B: Psychology of sport performance

2 (a) Some opponents of the trait perspective of personality theory suggest that there is very limited value in personality profiling in sport.

(i)	Describe the limitations of personality profiling in sport.	[4]
(ii)	Suggest one reason why some coaches believe that personality profiling does h some value.	nave [1]

(b) Sports teams may suffer from a lack of group cohesion.

Describe factors that may negatively affect group cohesion. [4]

- (c) Anxiety management is important in sport.
 - (i) Describe the nature and influence of high trait anxiety on sport performance. [4]
 - (ii) Describe the process of thought stopping and evaluate its use as a technique to manage anxiety. [4]
 - (iii) Describe the positive effects, other than managing anxiety, of goal-setting in sport. [3]
- (d) Explain the positive effects of a large audience on elite performers. [6]
- (e) Use your knowledge of attribution theory to evaluate lack of effort as a reason for failure. [4]

[Total: 30]

Section C: Olympic Games: a global perspective

- **3 (a)** One of the major roles of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) is to eliminate discrimination in sport.
 - (i) Describe other roles of the IOC. [4]
 - (ii) Outline strategies used by the IOC to eliminate discrimination at the Olympic Games. [3]
 - (b) Politics has often affected the values of the Olympic Games.

Explain how athletes have been used as political pawns by their governments. [4]

- (c) Describe the methods used by the People's Republic of China to nurture talent in order to achieve gold medals at the Olympic Games. [5]
- (d) Outline the financial benefits for the host country of staging the Olympic Games. [4]
- (e) For many years the Olympic Games remained strictly amateur.

Explain why professionalism is now seen as acceptable in the pursuit of Olympic success. [4]

(f) The 2002 Winter Olympics in Salt Lake City were tainted by what became known as the Salt Lake City scandal.

Describe this scandal.

(g) It has been suggested that competing in the Olympic Games is one of life's greatest moments because of its spectacular aspects.

Describe the spectacular aspects of the Olympic Games.

[Total: 30]

[2]

[4]

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